The Pyongyang Times

No. 38 (236) MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 8, 1969 PYONGYANG, DEMOCRATIC PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF KOREA

Mourning Comrade Ho Chi Minh's Death

Comrade KIM IL SUNG
and Leading Cadres of Party and Government Visit DRV Embassy in Pyongyang and Express Condolence

Comrade Kim Il Sung, upon hearing the sad news that Comrade Ho Chi Minh, Chairman of the Central Committee of the Vietnam Workers' Party and President of the Democratic Republic of Vietnam, passed away, paid a visit on September 6 to the Embassy of the Democratic Republic of Vietnam in Pyongyang and expressed deep condolence.

A wreath sent by Comrade Kim Il Sung was placed below the portrait of Comrade Ho Chi Minh framed with a black ribbon.

Wreaths sent by the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, the Presidium of the Supreme People's Assembly of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea were also placed below the portrait of the deceased.

Comrade Kim Il Sung observed a moment's silence in memory of the late Comrade Ho Chi Minh.

Comrade Kim Il Sung signed his name in the mourners' book expressing deep sorrow over the passing away of Comrade Ho Chi Minh, Chairman of the Central Committee of the Vietnam Workers' Party and President of the Democratic Republic of Vietnam, who was the great Leader of the Vietnamese working class and people, an intimate friend of the Korean people and one of the outstanding figures of the international communist and working-class movements.

Together with Comrade Kim Il Sung, Comrades Kim Il, Kim Gwang Hyop, Choi Hyon, Nam Il, Pak Jong Ae, Li Yong Ho, Sok San, Li Guk Jin, Kim Dong Gyu, Hyon Mu Gwang, Kim Jung Rin, Choi Yong Jin, Jong Jun Taek and Han Ik Su, and Baek Nam Wun, Chairman of the Supreme People's Assembly, and Kang Ryang Wuk, Vice-President of the Presidium of the Supreme People's Assembly, visited the Embassy of the Democratic Republic of Vietnam and expressed condolence.

Political Committee of C.C. of Workers' Party of Korea and DPRK Cabinet Adopt Decision
on Passing Away of Comrade Ho Chi Minh, Chairman of C.C. of Vietnam Workers' Party, and DRV President

The Political Committee of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea adopted the following decision on September 4 on the passing away of Comrade Ho Chi Minh, Chairman of the Central Committee of the Vietnam Workers' Party and President of the Democratic Republic of Vietnam:

Comrade Ho Chi Minh, Chairman of the Central Committee of the Vietnam Workers' Party and President of the Democratic Republic of Vietnam, passed away on September 3, 1969.

The passing away of Comrade Ho Chi Minh, the great Leader

(Continued on Page 2)

Comrade Kim Il Sung and other Party and Government leaders expressing condolence over the death of Comrade Ho Chi Minh at the DRV Embassy

Comrade KIM IL SUNG and Comrade Choi Yong Kun
Send Telegram of Condolence to Party and Government Leaders of Vietnam

Comrade Kim Il Sung and Comrade Choi Yong Kun sent a telegram of condolence to the Party and Government leaders of Vietnam on the passing away of Comrade Ho Chi Minh, Chairman of the Central Committee of the Vietnam Workers' Party and President of the Democratic Republic of Vietnam.

The telegram of condolence reads:

Upon hearing the sad news that Comrade Ho Chi Minh, Chairman of the Central Committee of the Vietnam Workers' Party and President of the Democratic Republic of Vietnam, passed away, we, in the name of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, the Presidium of the Supreme People's Assembly and the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the entire Korean people and in our own name, express deep sorrow to the Central Committee of the Vietnam Workers' Party, the Standing Committee of the National Assembly and the Government of the Democratic Republic of Vietnam and the entire Vietnamese people.

Comrade Ho Chi Minh as the great Leader of the Vietnamese working class and people and one of the outstanding figures of the international communist movement devoted his whole life to the revolutionary cause for the independence and freedom of Vietnam and the development of the international communist movement.

From the first days he started his revolutionary activities in his early years, he held aloft the banner of Marxism-Leninism and energetically organized and mobilized the Vietnamese working class and people to the liberation struggle against the colonial rule of the foreign imperialists.

In the midst of the unflinching struggle Comrade Ho Chi Minh founded the Indo-Chinese Communist Party, the predecessor of the Vietnam Workers' Party, and led the Vietnam revolution to victory and founded the Democratic Republic of Vietnam.

Following the founding of the Republic he led to victory the nation-wide war of resistance of the Vietnamese people for repulsing the continued aggression of the foreign imperialists and devoted all his wisdom and energies to the struggle for the socialist construction of the country and for bringing earlier the reunification of the fatherland.

When the U.S. imperialists launched a barbarous war of aggression against the Vietnamese people, Comrade Ho Chi Minh roused the entire Vietnamese people as one to a sacred struggle against U.S. imperialism for national salvation and, through his seasoned and wise leadership, repeatedly inflicted heavy defeats, military and political, upon the U.S. imperialist aggressors and drove the enemy into an inextricable quagmire.

Comrade Ho Chi Minh, as a veteran revolutionary fighter, remained true to proletarian internationalism and made a great contribution to the unity and cohesion of the socialist camp and the strengthening and development of the international communist movement.

Comrade Ho Chi Minh did all he could to strengthen and develop the militant friendship and solidarity between the Parties and governments and peoples of Korea and Vietnam in the common struggle against imperialism headed by U.S. imperialism and for the triumph of the cause of socialism and became an intimate friend of the Korean people.

For his brilliant exploits Comrade Ho Chi Minh enjoyed the deep trust and respect of the Vietnamese people, the Korean people and the progressive peoples of the whole world.

The passing away of Comrade Ho Chi Minh is a great loss not only for the Vietnamese people but for the peoples of the socialist countries and revolutionary peoples of the whole world.

Though Comrade Ho Chi Minh passed away, the immortal exploits he had performed in the struggle for the freedom and happiness of the Vietnamese people and for the victory of the cause of Marxism-Leninism and for world peace and his lofty revolutionary spirit and noble virtues will live forever in the hearts of the Vietnamese people and our people.

Party and Govt. Del. of Our Country Leaves for Vietnam to Express Deep Condolence Over Passing Away of Comrade Ho Chi Minh

A Party and government delegation of our country left on September 6 for Vietnam by a special plane to express deep condolence over the passing away of Comrade Ho Chi Minh.

The delegation consists of Comrade Choi Yong Kun, Member of the Political Committee and its Presidium, of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and President of the Presidium of the Supreme People's Assembly of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, head of the delegation; Comrade Pak Sung Chul, Member of the Political Committee of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and Vice-Premier of the Cabinet and Minister of Foreign Affairs, deputy head of the delegation; Comrade Jon Chang Chol, Member of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and Chairman of the Central Committee of the General Federation of Trade Unions of Korea, and Comrade Hong Jae Son, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea to the Democratic Republic of Vietnam, members of the delegation.

Cadres of Political Party, Govt. Organs and Public Organizations Visit DRV Embassy in Pyongyang to Express Condolence

At the sad news of the death of Comrade Ho Chi Minh, Chairman of the Central Committee of the Vietnam Workers' Party and President of the Democratic Republic of Vietnam, cadres of political Party and government organs and public organizations of our country visited the Embassy of the Democratic Republic of Vietnam in our country to express deep condolence over the death of Comrade Ho Chi Minh.

On September 6 cadres of political Party and government organs and public organizations—the Central Committee of the North Korean Democratic Party, the Central Committee of the Religious Chongwu Party, the Central Committee of the Fatherland Front, the Foreign Ministry, the Ministry of National Defence, the Ministry of Public Security, the Ministry of Foreign Trade, the Committee for Cultural Relations with Foreign Countries, the Central Committee of the General Federation of Trade Unions, the Central Committee of the Democratic Women's Union and the Korea-Vietnam Friendship Association—visited the DRV Embassy in our country and placed before the portrait of the late Comrade Ho Chi Minh wreaths carrying condolence over his death.

They observed a moment's silence in memory of the late Comrade Ho Chi Minh, the great Leader of the Vietnamese working class and people, the close friend of the Korean people and one of the outstanding figures of the international communist and working-class movements.

Han Dok Su, Chairman of CHONGRYUN Central Standing Committee, Sends Telegram of the Condolence on the Passing Away of Ho Chi Minh, President of Democratic Republic of Vietnam

Han Dok Su, Chairman of the Central Standing Committee of CHONGRYUN (the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan), sent a telegram of condolence on September 4 to the Funeral Committee for the late Ho Chi Minh, President of the Democratic Republic of Vietnam.

In his telegram Chairman Han Dok Su sent in the name of CHONGRYUN and the entire 600,000 Korean citizens in Japan, sincere condolence to the fraternal Vietnamese people on the passing away of Ho Chi Minh, President of the Democratic Republic of Vietnam.

EDITORIAL

Korean People Deeply Mourn Comrade Ho Chi Minh's Death

To our sorrow, Comrade Ho Chi Minh, Chairman of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Vietnam and President of the Democratic Republic of Vietnam, passed away on September 3.

Informed of the sad news of the death of Comrade Ho Chi Minh, the great Leader of the Vietnamese working class and people and one of the outstanding figures in the international communist movement and a close friend of the Korean people, the Korean people send their deep condolence to the fraternal Vietnamese people on his death.

The death of Comrade Ho Chi Minh is a great loss not only for the Workers' Party of Vietnam and the entire Vietnamese people but for the socialist countries and the revolutionary peoples of the whole world.

Comrade Ho Chi Minh devoted all his life solely to the victorious cause of Marxism-Leninism and to the revolutionary work for the country's independence and the people's happiness and exerted great efforts to the development of the international communist movement.

Comrade Ho Chi Minh enjoyed the absolute love and respect from the entire Vietnamese people and the profound trust and respect from the progressive peoples of the world for the feats he accomplished in his revolutionary activities.

All the brilliant successes attained by the Vietnamese people in their struggle for winning the country's independence against the French imperialist aggressors and the Japanese imperialist aggressors, carrying out the people's democratic revolution and promoting socialist revolution and construction in Vietnam and achieving the complete independence and reunification of the country against the U.S. imperialist aggression are inseparably linked with the indomitable revolutionary activities and seasoned, wise leadership of Comrade Ho Chi Minh.

Comrade Ho Chi Minh was born on May 19, 1890, and started his revolutionary activities for the independence of the country from early years and unfolded a dauntless struggle at home and abroad.

Comrade Ho Chi Minh was the founder of the Workers' Party of Vietnam and the outstanding revolutionary who organized and led the people to the struggle for the freedom and independence of the fatherland.

He founded the Indo-Chinese Communist Party, the predecessor of the Workers' Party of Vietnam, in 1930 when the revolutionary struggle of the working class and broad masses of people soared to a height.

The founding of the Indo-Chinese Communist Party was a landmark in the Vietnamese people's struggle for their national and class emancipation. The Workers' Party of Vietnam headed by Comrade Ho Chi Minh, a Marxist-Leninist party of new type, rallied broad sections of the masses of people under its revolutionary banner and roused them to the struggle against the French occupationists, and against the Japanese aggressors during the Second World War.

Comrade Ho Chi Minh is the founder of the Democratic Republic of Vietnam.

The founding of the Democratic Republic of Vietnam on September 2, 1945 was a brilliant fruition of the protracted revolutionary struggle the Vietnamese people had waged under the leadership of Comrade Ho Chi Minh and also was the realization of their historic aspiration for the national independence and emancipation.

Under the guidance of Comrade Ho Chi Minh the Vietnamese people won victory in their nine-year-long heroic war of resistance against the French imperialists who crawled again into Vietnam after World War II, and achieved great success in socialist revolution and construction in the North overcoming manifold obstacles and difficulties.

When the U.S. imperialists started their barbarous aggressive war against the Vietnamese people, Comrade Ho Chi Minh called vigorously the entire Vietnamese people to the sacred anti-U.S. national-salvation resistance, and the entire Vietnamese people, in active response to Comrade Ho Chi Minh's anti-U.S. national-salvation call, waged a heroic war of resistance to smash the U.S. imperialist aggression and have scored a great victory in it. The South Vietnamese people smashed all the U.S. imperialist "strategies," liberated the vast areas of South Vietnam and the absolute majority of its population, while the North Vietnamese people frustrated completely the U.S. imperialist war of destruction.

Thanks to the unyielding struggle of the Vietnamese people the U.S. imperialists suffered one defeat after another in Vietnam and they are enmeshed in a quagmire.

Under the guidance of Comrade Ho Chi Minh the Vietnamese people have defended reliably the country's honour and national dignity as well as the southeastern outpost of socialism through their heroic struggle, thereby encouraging greatly the world people in their struggle for freedom and liberation.

Indeed, the brilliant victory the Vietnamese people attained in their struggle for freedom, independence and the country's prosperity under the leadership of Comrade Ho Chi Minh writes a most glorious page in the history of the Vietnamese people and adorns a proud page in the history of the anti-imperialist, national-liberation struggle of the oppressed peoples of the world.

Comrade Ho Chi Minh, as a veteran revolutionary fighter, was faithful to proletarian internationalism and made a great contribution to the unity and cohesion of the socialist camp as well as to the strengthening and development of the international communist movement.

Comrade Ho Chi Minh was an intimate friend of the Korean people.

Comrade Ho Chi Minh supported consistently the Korean people in their struggle for chasing out the U.S. imperialists from South Korea and unifying the fatherland independently and did all he could to strengthen friendship and unity between the Parties, governments and peoples of the two countries, Korea and Vietnam.

Comrade Ho Chi Minh paid a state visit to our country in July 1957. The visit of Comrade Ho Chi Minh to our country was a great contribution to the strengthening of friendship and unity between our two countries, Korea and Vietnam.

The life of Comrade Ho Chi Minh is a model of unselfish devotion to the revolutionary cause of his people and working classes of the world.

Comrade Ho Chi Minh stopped to breathe without seeing the day of complete independence and reunification of Vietnam. But the Vietnamese people, holding aloft the will of their great Leader, will never fail in driving the U.S. imperialist aggressors to the last man out of the soil of Vietnam, achieving the final victory in the anti-U.S. national-salvation war of resistance and reunifying the fatherland. The U.S. imperialists, while escalating the aggressive war in Vietnam, are scheming to stay in South Vietnam indefinitely. However, it is a sheer daydream. The great cause of the Vietnamese people is invincible and U.S. imperialism is doomed to final defeat in Vietnam.

The immortal achievements made by Comrade Ho Chi Minh in his struggle for the freedom and happiness of the Vietnamese people, for the victory of the cause of Marxism-Leninism and for world peace, as well as his lofty revolutionary spirit and noble qualities, will live forever in the hearts of the Vietnamese people and our people.

(Continued from Page 1)

of the working class and people of Vietnam, an intimate friend of the Korean people and one of the outstanding figures of the international communist and working-class movements, is a great loss not only for the Vietnamese people but for the socialist countries and the revolutionary peoples of the world.

Upon hearing this obituary, the Korean people are in deep sorrow.

1. The Political Committee of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea decided to send a Party and government delegation to the Democratic Republic of Vietnam to express deep condolence over the passing away of Comrade Ho Chi Minh.

The delegation consists of:

Head of the delegation, Comrade Choi Yong Kun, Member of the Political Committee and its Presidium, of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and President of the Presidium of the Supreme People's Assembly of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea;

Deputy head of the delegation, Comrade Pak Sung Chul, Member of the Political Committee of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and Vice-Premier of the Cabinet and Minister of Foreign Affairs;

Member of the delegation, Comrade Jon Chang Chol, Member of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and Chairman of the Central Committee of the General Federation of Trade Unions of Korea;

Member of the delegation, Comrade Hong Jae Son, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea to the Democratic Republic of Vietnam.

2. September 10, 1969 will be set as a day of nation-wide mourning.

3. That day flags will be hoisted at half-mast in all organs, factories, enterprises, schools, residential quarters and rural villages of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

4. All songs and dances will be prohibited throughout the country from 17:00 to 22:00 on September 10.

5. Broadcasting of mourning will be aired for one hour that day.

New Successes in Various Economic Branches

Miners Chalk up Signal Successes in Production

The miners of our country have launched the last charge for scaling the ore height of the Seven-Year Plan.

They have been waging an increased production struggle with the resolution to fulfil the yearly plan higher than last year's before the 24th anniversary of the founding of the Workers' Party of Korea (October 10), expanding their successes in ore excavation, tunnelling and ore dressing.

The mines in North Hwanghae Province have raised the daily ore production 20 per cent above that at the beginning of the year by raising high the flame of the collective innovation drive.

The Red miners of the mine where Comrade Pak Yong Su works are fulfilling their daily quotas at 118 per cent through high-speed tunnelling and hewing.

Standing in the van of this fruitful struggle are demobilized soldiers who are holding tight the rock drills in the spirit of destroying the enemy, the spirit of plunging the bayonets into the hearts of the U.S. imperialist aggressors, the sworn enemy, and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, their stooges.

They are topping their daily quotas 30 to 50 per cent by applying various hewing and blasting methods suitable to the conditions of ore-cutting sites.

The flame of such innovation and creation has flared up at all the cutting faces of the mines throughout the country.

The tunnellers of the mine where Comrade Yu Jae Hwa works have established a record in tunnelling since the commissioning of the mine through the introduction of advanced technique and the members of the double Chollima Kim Yong Tae platoon of the mine where Comrade Han Tae Sop works are working the miracle of hewing in three days as much ore as were excavated in one month by a platoon three years ago.

In the mines where Comrade Kim Yun Yong, Kim Gyu Won and Rim Byong Son work, one platoon produces as much ores as were turned out in one pit in the past and one pit produces as much ores as were produced in one mine in the past.

These successes have been made through a struggle which the miners have waged to push through to the end the instructions given by Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader.

A large number of platoons have already fulfilled the yearly plans and many mines are pressing toward the ore height of the Seven-Year Plan.

Men of the Chollima Kim Pil Hwan excavator platoon of the Kumsan workshop at the mine where Comrade Yu Jae Hwa works are determined to overfulfil their yearly plan by more than 100 per cent by the end of the year.

Cuttlefish Catching is in Full Swing

The fishery enterprises on the eastern coast are reporting big hauls of cuttlefish these days.

The fishermen who have turned out in cuttlefish catching with the resolve to repay with bigger catches the great solicitude and warm love constantly shown by the Leader for them, are expanding their successes through active fishing battles.

The fishermen in South Hamgyong Province who had prepared enough fishing tackle beforehand with the goal of catching 1.5 times as much cuttlefish as last year, have raised their daily catch 1.6 to 2 times compared with the daily average last month.

The fishery office where Comrade Kang Yong Gil works is effecting big innovations in cuttlefish catching by deeply explaining and propagating the on-the-spot teachings given by the Leader to the fishery domain among the fishermen and actively organizing and mobilizing them in carrying the teachings to fulfilment.

The fishermen there established strict discipline and order like in the army and they are now fulfilling the daily assignments at 130 to 150 per cent through active fishing, swiftly moving into the main fishing grounds in close ties with the commanding boat.

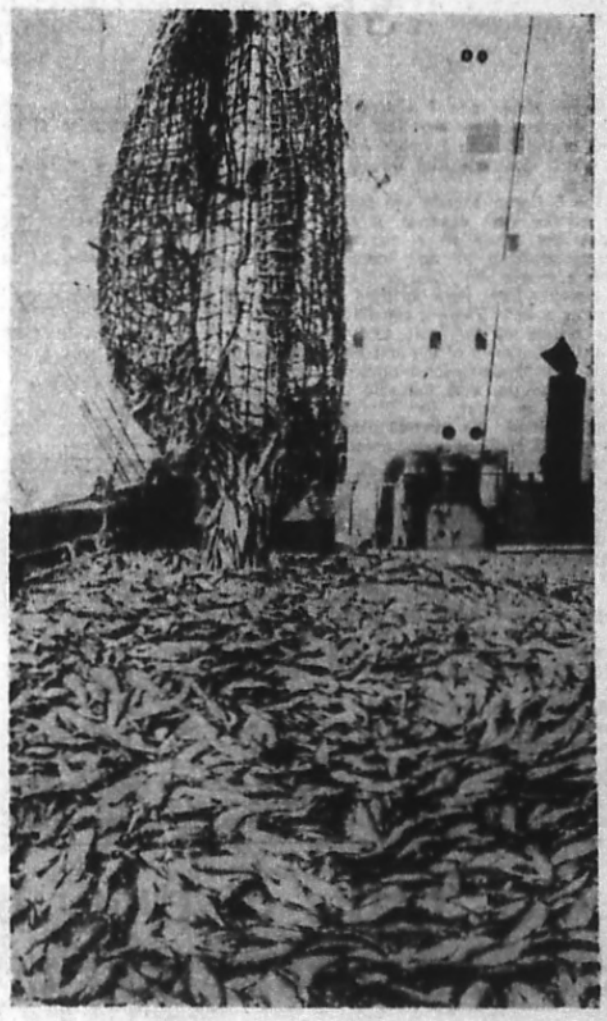
The fishermen of the fishery offices where Comrade Li Jae Jun and Comrade Li Song Guk work who have set themselves the target of over six tons of cuttlefish per fisherman this year, are carrying out the daily cuttlefish catching plan at 200 to 300 per cent by introducing scientific fishing methods conforming to the movement of cuttlefish shoal.

Meanwhile, the members of the fishermen's cooperatives in Liwon county, South Hamgyong Province, have raised the daily average cuttlefish catch recently 5.1 times compared with that in the same time last year.

Cuttlefish catching is also brisk in the fishery enterprises in North Hamgyong Province.

The fishermen in North Hamgyong Province who have overfulfilled the yearly fish catching plan by hauling sardine, trout and the like are increasing the cuttlefish catch by waging active fishing battles, overcoming the adverse weather condition.

Through brisk emulations among fishing fleets, ships and individual fishermen the east sea fishermen are continuously expanding the successes in cuttlefish catching.



A big haul of fish Photo by Ko Suk Bong

Government Delegation of the Congo (B) Arrives

A government delegation of the Republic of the Congo (B) arrived here on September 2 by air to visit our country at the invitation of the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

The delegation headed by Nze Pierre, member of the Directorate, and President of the Commission of Education, Press and Propaganda, of the National Council of the Revolution of the Congo (B) consists of Major Yhomby Opango Joachim, member of the National Council of the Revolution of the Congo (B) and military commandant of Brazzaville city, and Bangui Alphonse Rojer, agricultural engineer of the Ministry of Agriculture, Livestock, Water and Forests.

Fluttering in the autumn breeze over the airfield were flags of the two countries advancing together on the front of the common struggle against imperialism and colonialism headed by U.S. imperialism. A huge crowd turned out there carrying in their hands pennants and bouquets and holding multi-color flags and placards bearing the slogans "Warm welcome to the government delegation of the Republic of the Congo (B)!" and "Long live the friendship and solidarity between the peoples of Korea and the Congo (B)!"

The delegation was met at the airfield by Comrades Choi Yong Jin and Jong Jun Taek, Vice-Premiers of the Cabinet; and Jin Mun Dok, Minister of City Management; Yang Hyong Sop, Minister of Higher Education; Jon Myong Gyong, Chairman of the Korean Central Broadcasting Committee; Kim Jae Bong, Vice-Minister of Foreign Affairs; Bang Chil Song, Vice-Chairman of the Agricultural Commission; and Major General Choi Un Hyok of the Korean People's Army.

When the delegation alighted from the plane, the crowd warmly welcomed the guests who came with the feelings of friendship of the people of the Congo (B), raising cheers and waving pennants and bouquets.

Little girls rushed forward to the guests and presented them with bunches of fragrant flowers.

The government delegation of the Republic of the Congo(B) arrives in Pyongyang

Sudanese U.N. Representative Here

Fakhreddine Mohamed, permanent representative of the Democratic Republic of Sudan in the United Nations, arrived here on September 2 by air to visit our country at the invitation of the Foreign Ministry.

Our Gunners—Crack Shots

Tankmen of the Korean People's Army conducting combat training in the revolutionary spirit of annihilating the enemy at a stroke if the U.S. imperialist aggressors venture to start another war of aggression

Some time ago I visited an island guarded by the Red Flag Unit of the Korean People's Army to which Comrade Kim Dae Ung belongs.

The big gun barrels are pointed at the vast expanse of sea. Guns are ready to smash any enemy warship at any moment with a single shot. The gun emplacements have been fortified as firm as a rock. There a commanding officer of the unit told us how the armymen of the unit have built up "a-match-for-a-hundred" giant strength with the sole desire to be loyal to Marshal Kim Il Sung, the ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander.

One month after a meeting of the members of the League of Socialist Working Youth for carrying through the instructions of the Leader that if one out of a hundred shots fired by the enemy hits the mark, we should make all of a hundred shots hit the target, a report "Innovation target for three months hit in one month!" appeared in the wall paper "A-match-for-a-hundred" of the unit.

A young soldier, resolved to make ten steps when others take one, performed a miracle of beating his yearly target in six months.

The story of the commanding officer was interrupted by the shout "To arms!"

A covering fire exercise started.

Every gunner moved agilely.

The commanding officer shouted: "Gas." "Change positions."

The gun charger, taking the place of the gun layer, skilfully coped with the complex battle situation.

Saying that yesterday's record was broken, a commanding officer of the unit told me that the time of combat preparation was shortened again today.

During the break I asked a soldier, who laid the gun at a lightning speed, to tell me about his experience in training.

The soldier was too shy to boast of his success. A chief gunner said: The following words are written in the handbook of the soldier — I am a true revolutionary soldier of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader. In any storm and stress, I, deeply confident of victory, will remain true to the Leader and reliably defend this island in a way befitting his Red soldier. No honour or no happiness is greater than this. To defend the Leader with my life and to remain loyal to him along the road indicated by him, I must sweat more in a combat and political training.

With such a firm determination, the men of the unit devoted all their energies to combat and political training. In the target practice they hit the target with the first shot, fully displaying their excellent marksmanship.

The commander of the unit who was looking at the reliable features of the armymen invigorating the training with the surging spirit of annihilating the enemy, said with emphasis evincing their unanimous resolve:

We soldiers of the Leader will as ever build up "a-match-for-a-hundred" giant strength to reliably defend the post of the fatherland, this island, upholding the teachings of the Leader.

Kim Jong Shin

Lofty Traits of Unity between the Army and People Are in Full Bloom

Every year rich harvest visits the village where the Twice Red Flag Unit of the Korean People's Army to which Comrade Han Dan Nyon belongs is stationed and the life of the co-operative farmers there has improved radically these years.

Of course, this is attributable to the persistent efforts the Party organization in this village and the people there have made to carry out more thoroughly the instructions of the Leader and the agricultural policy of the Party.

At the same time, this success owes to the sincere assistance the servicemen stationed at this village have given to help the people there to improve their livelihood.

"There are two most important things to be solved in the work with the population. One is to help the population live well and the other is to promote the class consciousness of the population."

Always taking this earnest instruction of the Leader as a guide in their work with the people of the village where they are stationed, the armymen of this unit did everything in their power to give a helping hand to the villagers.

Several years ago the unit came to station at this village. The Party organization of the unit, in close touch with the Party organization at the village, conducted among the villagers, first of all, the political work to arm them with the great revolutionary ideas of the Leader, promote their class awakening and thus help them carry out thoroughly the instructions of the Leader and the Party policies.

The beautiful traditional traits of unity between the army and the people formed in the days of the glorious anti-Japanese armed struggle are in full bloom now between our servicemen and the people
Photo by Kang Mun Hup

Commanding personnel of the unit took the lead in this work. They drew up the syllabus of lecture and appeared before the co-operative farmers. They explained to them in plain terms the "Theses on the Socialist Rural Question in Our Country" and the instructions of the Leader given at the National Conference of the Functionaries in the Field of Agriculture. And they exposed the viciousness of the landlords who bled the people there white before liberation. In this course, the class consciousness of the co-operative farmers rose and they came out in the struggle for increasing the per-*jongbo* yield of grain 500 kg.

Especially, the Party organization of the unit made the servicemen understand well that they should be faithful servants of the people and display fully the lofty trait of unity between the army and the people.

Thus the armymen at this unit came to help the village folk with all sincerity.

More than ten *jongbo* of terraced paddy fields in the village yielded poorly for the lack of water.

So the villagers started a project to irrigate the fields. But their project did not go well for the lack of workhands.

The armymen of this unit learned this, and came to the assistance of the peasants and devoted their leisure saying: "How can the army serving the people look with folded arms at the trouble of the people?"

The project progressed rapidly. And it was completed before the rice transplanting season and the villagers came to wet their fields with water that comes from a place over 4 km. away from their village. That year the co-operative farmers gathered in a rich harvest. And now they reap over five tons of rice per *jongbo* every year.

This is but an example of the unity between the army and the people.

Kim Rak Sun, a woman working in the 2nd fruit workteam, had this to say:

It was some time after the unit came to our village.

We co-operative farmers were busy with planting orchards upholding the instructions of Comrade Premier given at the Bukchong meeting, when the servicemen of the unit came to the aid of us. They said that the far-sighted plan of the Leader for planting the whole country with orchards should be realized in our village, too.

Pak Chong Gil, Kim Myong Hwan and other servicemen unfolded the drive of turning up two shovels of earth when the co-op farmers did one.

Revolutionary songs were afloat over the hill, the bushes were rooted up and terraced orchards were created.

Thus scores of *jongbo* of new orchards were planted in a short time and last year upwards of 200 tons of fruits were picked from these orchards alone.

In a few years these orchards will yield more richly.

Besides, there is a long list of such examples.

They gave a helping hand to the farmers in the drainage work; every year they helped the farmers in sowing and rice transplanting regarding the jobs as their own and they made the art circles in the village the best ones in the county.

That is why the village folk boundlessly respect and love the People's Army men stationed at their village and help them with a kindred affection.

As is seen, the servicemen at this unit and the villagers live a harmonious life as one family helping and pulling each other along, upholding the teaching of the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung on displaying to the full the traditional trait of unity between the army and the people and are firmly determined to wipe out the U.S. imperialists and their stooges Pak Jung Hi clique and achieve the revolutionary cause of the country's unification, united as one in case of emergency.

Pak Gyu Sam

"We Are Dead Set against Constitutional Amendment for Third-term Election!"

The Struggle of the South Korean Students against Fascistization and for Democratization Rapidly Expands

With the start of the new school term, the mass struggle of the South Korean students against fascistization and for democratization, the struggle designed to smash the U.S. imperialist-manipulated long-term "office" scheme of the Pak Jung Hi military gang, shows another mushroom growth.

We Will Fight On to the Last, Staging Demonstrations in the Daytime and Sit-in at Night

On September 2 more than 300 students of the Engineering College under Seoul University held a demonstration exclaiming against the long-term "office" scheme of the traitorous Pak Jung Hi clique, and put up a fierce battle against the puppet policemen who came out to block the demonstration, according to press dispatches from Seoul.

On September 1 the students of the Commercial College under Seoul University had a protest meeting, read out a "declaration on emergency situation" and turned out into the streets for a demonstration and fought five rounds of fierce head-to-head battle against the puppet police, dealing a heavy blow at the enemy. This was followed by another struggle on September 2. They dashed out of their school with a placard reading "We oppose the constitutional amendment for the third-term election!" and fought a bitter battle with the puppet policemen.

A strong determination was voiced by the students to keep up their struggle, staging demonstrations in the daytime and sit-in at night.

Over 300 students of the Teachers' College under Seoul University had a denunciation meeting on September 2 and then launched into a street demonstration, closing their ranks in a scrum-like formation. They kept it up for two hours braving the suppression by the puppet police bandits.

The students of the Hanguk Foreign Languages College exposed and lashed at the filthy machinations of the enemy to "amend the constitution for the third election" at an indignation rally, and poured out into the streets and staged a demonstration clashing with the puppet policemen falling on them.

The leading members of the General Students' Association of Yonse University in Seoul held on September 2 a meeting trenchantly denouncing the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique for fabricating the "national referendum bill" in an imposturous way at the puppet national assembly on August 30 in order to "amend the constitution for the third-term election," and strongly demanded the immediate repeal of this "bill." Also they appealed to all the "politicians" of South Korea to oppose the long-term "office" scheme of the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique.

"The Students Are Not Afraid of Any Struggle For Winning Freedom"

More than 300 students of the Liberal Art and Science College under Seoul University got together in their school-ground on September 1 to hold a protest meeting. The meeting place was decorated with the placards calling upon the South Korean students and people to get united under the banner of anti-fascistization and democratization, according to dispatches from Seoul. At the meeting they adopted a "declaration on the emergency situation" and an appeal addressed to the entire professors of South Korea. In the declaration they made clear their unbreakable determination: "The students are not afraid of any struggle for winning freedom."

In the appeal the students ardently called upon the entire professors of South Korea to join them courageously in the just struggle for smashing the brutal military fascist colonial rule by the U.S. imperialists and for winning freedom and democracy.

After the protest meeting the students paraded the streets shouting the slogans denouncing the traitorous acts of the Pak Jung Hi military gang. At the head of their columns were the placards castigating the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique's long-term "office" scheme.

The students of the Law College under Seoul University held a denunciation meeting in the college library and staged a sit-in on September 1. At the library where they stayed in was a placard bearing the words: "Anti-constitutional amendment and anti-dictatorship."

The students kept up the sit-in all night through and the following day, on September 2, went on with a stubborn struggle against the puppet policemen who were running mad to put down their struggle.

The Students Burn the Pak Jung Hi Puppet Clique in Effigy, and Form the "General Students' Association for Struggle Against the Constitutional Amendment for the Third-term Election"

The students of Korea University, who had continued their struggle every day since August 25, adopted a resolution at another indignation meeting on August 28 strongly demanding the Pak Jung Hi clique to "stop the debate on the constitutional amendment right away" and renewing their determination to fight on to the last under the banner of anti-fascistization and democratization.

More than 300 students of the Ryongnam University in Taegu, North Kyongsang Province, held a denunciation meeting on September 1, according to press reports from South Korea. At the meeting they adopted a 6-point resolution expressing their resolve to fight on to the end to smash the plots of the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, crying out a slogan: "We are dead set against the constitutional amendment for the third-term election." Then they burned the traitorous Pak Jung Hi outfit in effigy. They also staged a street demonstration, clashing with the puppet policemen frantically trying to break up their march.

On the same day 200 or more students of Kyongbuk University in the same city held a protest meeting and demonstrated through the streets, strongly demanding the immediate repeal of the "constitutional amendment bill" cooked up by the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique. They fought bravely against the puppet police.

On August 22 the students of this university formed a new struggle organization called "General Students' Association for Struggle against the Constitutional Amendment for the Third-term Election," and made a firm resolve to fight in Taegu like their comrades-in-arms of various universities in Seoul.

On August 29 they held a protest meeting and burned in effigy over 100 men of puppet Pak Jung Hi who are running wild to "succeed" in the long-term "office" scheme.

The struggle of the South Korean students against fascistization and for democratization is rapidly growing in scope and strength showing a sign of ever increasing fierceness.

Seoul students unfolding a fierce mass struggle to smash the U.S. imperialist-manipulated long-term "office" scheme of the traitorous Pak Jung Hi gang, clashing with the puppet policemen

U.S. Imperialists and Pak Jung Hi Puppet Clique Again "Sentence" S. Korean Revolutionaries to Capital Punishment

The U.S. imperialists and their lackeys Pak Jung Hi fascist bandits committed on August 26 one more crime of imposing death and heavy penalties upon South Korean revolutionaries who had carried on their activities in the area centring around Imja Island of South Cholla Province, according to a report from Seoul.

That day the Pak Jung Hi clique, fascist hangmen serving the U.S. imperialist colonialists, held a murderous trial at the puppet "supreme court" in Seoul and "sentenced" two revolutionaries to death and eight others to penal servitude up to 10 years' imprisonment.

As is already reported, workers, peasants, fishermen, men of the press, educationists and conscientious national capitalists and other sections of people embraced in the revolutionary organisation which was active in the area with Imja Island of South Cholla Province as the centre waged an energetic struggle for liberating South Korea from the occupation by the U.S. imperialists and achieving the unification of the country.

These South Korean revolutionaries, infinitely revering the great sun of our nation Comrade Kim Il Sung, propagated the great revolutionary ideas of the Leader and the sagacity of his leadership and his lofty virtues among the South Korean people to rally them around the Leader and energetically organised and mobilized them to the anti-U.S. national-salvation struggle, while deeply studying his biography, Kim Il Sung's selected works and other immortal works of the Leader.

But the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi fascist rogues illegally arrested and imprisoned these revolutionaries in July last year and had subjected them to bestial torture and persecution.

The villains had repeatedly staged murderous trials against these patriots, and this time they committed the heinous criminal outrage of finally "sentencing" them to death and heavy penalties.

This is but a last-ditch struggle of those whose days are numbered.

Former Puppet Army Soldier of S. Korea Comes Over to Northern Half of the Republic

Jong Gong Ryol, a squad leader of the special attack unit, 11th company, 3rd battalion, 50th regiment, 15th division of the South Korean puppet army, recently came across the death line to the prospering northern half of the Republic which he had longed for even in dreams, unable to tolerate any longer the frantic manoeuvres of the U.S. imperialists and their stooges the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique to provoke a new war.

Recalling with deep resentment the days of his cursed service in the puppet army, Jong Gong Ryol said: I came over to the northern half of the Republic where Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, is, whom I had longed for so ardently, unable to bear any longer the service in the puppet army where no one knew when he might die a dog's death with a stain of treachery on his name.

Now the South Korean people and the officers and men of the puppet army infinitely respect and adore Comrade Kim Il Sung, the legendary hero, and are eagerly awaiting the day of glory when they will lead a happy and worthy life in his bosom like the people of the northern half of the Republic, he said.

He said he would become a faithful soldier of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, and devote himself to the struggle for chasing the U.S. imperialists and their lackeys out of South Korea and unifying the fatherland at the earliest date.

Jong Gong Ryol who came over to the North is now spending pleasant and happy days amid the warm hospitality of the people in the northern half of the Republic.

At 293rd and 294th MAC Meetings:

Frenzied War Machinations of U.S. Imperialist Aggressors Sternly Denounced

The 293rd and 294th meetings of the Military Armistice Commission were held at Panmunjom on August 29 and September 4.

At the meeting our side pungently protested against the grave criminal acts the U.S. imperialist aggressors have recently committed against our side in wanton violation of all the requirements of the Armistice Agreement in a frantic attempt to wreck the Korean armistice and unleash a new aggressive war in Korea, and called the enemy side to account for them.

According to the statement made by Major General Li Chun Son, Senior Member of our side, at the meetings, the U.S. imperialist aggressors committed the hostile act of firing hundreds of shells and bullets at our area and the area along the Military Demarcation Line with 106.7 mm. mortars and various other heavy and automatic weapons illegally introduced into the Demilitarized Zone between August 20 and 27 and between August 29 and September 2.

The U.S. imperialist aggressors perpetrated the hostile act of firing more than 2,200 bullets at the area of our side from the Oipung-dong post south of the Military Demarcation Line Marker No. 0561 between 13:00 and 14:00 on September 3.

They again infiltrated a military plane into the territorial air of our side around 17:05 on August 28.

They sent two armed spies into the areas of our side on two occasions on August 15 and 21. These armed spies were either captured or shot dead by sentinels of our People's Army before carrying out the espionage mission given by the U.S. imperialist aggressors.

The U.S. imperialist aggressors brought into South Korea six "F-4D" Phantom fighter-bombers on August 29 and many "F-4D" Phantom fighter-bombers on September 1 to hand them over to the puppet army. They are scheming to bring in ten "F-4D" Phantom fighter-bombers this month. On August 25 they shipped in three "UH-1-H" helicopters to transfer them to the South Korean puppet army.

Major General Li Chun Son sternly condemned the U.S. imperialist aggressors madly aggravating tension in Korea by intensifying more frantically military provocations and new war machinations and strongly demanded the enemy side to stop all hostile acts against our side and to take responsible measures for preventing the reoccurrence of similar acts and report their result.

At the meetings the senior member of the enemy side Adams, however, made a vain attempt to conceal their criminal acts.

He repeated the lie that the incident of the intrusion by their military plane into the territorial air of our side on August 17 was an "accident" caused by "carelessness," saying that he would "investigate" the incidents protested against by our side at the meetings.

At the 293rd meeting Major General Li Chun Son, after referring to the present condition of the villains that had committed the criminal acts, refuted comprehensively with factual data the absurd sophistry of the U.S. imperialist aggressors to cover up their criminal acts and deceive world public opinion.

At the 293rd and 294th meetings he stressed that the U.S. imperialist aggressors should make clear the real intention they had in committing the criminal acts, admit frankly their criminal acts, apologize to our side for them and assure our side with a sense of responsibility that they would never violate again the Armistice Agreement.

He exposed the criminal acts of the U.S. imperialist aggressors who are running wild to start another aggressive war in Korea, bringing in their aggressive forces and warned that the enemy should clearly know that if he ventures to unleash another war of aggression in Korea he will meet with self-destruction.

U.S. Imperialist Aggressor Troops, Quit South Korea at Once!

Socialist States and Many Asian and African Countries Demand the Placing of the Problem on the Withdrawal of the U.S. Imperialist Aggressor Troops from South Korea and the Question on the Dissolution of "UNCURK" on the Agenda of the 24th U.N. General Assembly Session

According to a report from New York, permanent representatives of socialist states and a number of Asian and African countries in the U.N. entrusted by their governments, sent on August 15 a joint letter to U.N. Secretary-General U Thant in demand of the placing of the problem on the withdrawal of the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops occupying South Korea on the agenda of the 24th U.N. General Assembly Session.

The representatives of the Soviet Union, Cuba, Mongolia, Bulgaria, Poland, Hungary, Czechoslovakia, Byelorussia, Ukraine, Cambodia, Syria, Algeria and the Congo(B) sent an explanatory note together with the joint letter demanding the putting of the problem "on the withdrawal of the army of the United States and all other foreign troops occupying South Korea under the flag of the U.N." on the agenda of the U.N. General Assembly Session.

The explanatory note pointed out that owing to the U.S. imperialists' occupation of South Korea and their wanton interference, Korea still remains divided and emphasized that the responsibility for it rests entirely with the U.S. imperialists.

It exposed and condemned the criminal acts of the American imperialists who, occupying South Korea, have converted it into a base for aggression and hurled more than 50,000 South Korean puppet troops into the aggressive war in South Vietnam.

It stressed that the Korean issue is an internal affair to be solved by the Korean people themselves and no one has right to interfere in it, and strongly demanded the placing of the problem on the withdrawal of the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops from South Korea on the agenda of the 24th U.N. General Assembly Session.

In conclusion the explanatory note wrote: "Those governments of states which suggest to put this problem on the agenda of the U.N. General Assembly Session proceed from the fact that the withdrawal of all foreign troops from South Korea accords with the interests and cherished desire of the Korean people as well as other peoples safeguarding their freedom and right to independence."

That day the Rumanian representative in the U.N. sent a letter to U Thant in support of the joint letter of 13 countries.

Entrusted by their governments, the permanent representatives in the U.N. of the Soviet Union, Cuba, Mongolia, Bulgaria, Hungary, Rumania, Byelorussia, Ukraine, Cambodia, Syria, Mauritania, Mali and Zambia sent a joint letter to U.N. Secretary-General U Thant in demand of the putting of the question "on the dissolution of the U.N. Commission for the Unification and Rehabilitation of Korea," the U.S. imperialists' tool of aggression, on the agenda of the 24th U.N. General Assembly Session.

The explanatory note sent together with the joint letter noted: The "U.N. Commission for the Unification and Rehabilitation of Korea" is "one of the main obstacles to Korea's peaceful unification. Accordingly, its immediate dissolution is necessary."

It stressed that the question of Korea's unification is a matter to be settled by the Korean people themselves without any outside interference.

The occupation of South Korea by U.S. imperialism is the main obstacle to Korea's unification.

The U.S. imperialists occupying South Korea have desperately carried on the machination for launching another war against the Korean people, thus creating a tense situation in Korea in which a war may break out at any moment and threatening world peace.

Since the first days of their occupation of South Korea under the signboard of the U.N., the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops have perpetrated the thrice-cursed atrocities against the Korean people.

The "UNCURK" is a camouflage to legalize the occupation of South Korea by the American imperialists and the U.S. imperialists' tool of aggression obstructing Korea's independent unification.

This is why the progressive people and the peace-loving forces the world over denounce the American imperialists occupying South Korea under the signboard of the U.N. and demand their immediate withdrawal.

For Korea's independent, peaceful unification, the U.S. imperialist aggressive troops should quit South Korea at once and the "UNCURK," the U.S. imperialists' tool of aggression, be dissolved without delay. **(KCNA)**

"South Korea-Japan Ministerial Council Meeting": Criminal Confab for Aggression and Country-selling

The "third South Korea-Japan ministerial council meeting" was held in Tokyo, Japan, from August 26 to 28, under the manipulation of U.S. imperialism.

The recent meeting was the criminal confab designed to serve better the U.S. imperialists' policy for a new war in Korea and pave the way for the Japanese militarists to further intensify their reinvasion of and control over South Korea.

The meeting held between the Japanese militarists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique of South Korea discussed their actions and "mutual co-operation" in the event of war of aggression in Korea by the U.S. imperialists.

At the meeting the Sato clique blabbed that they were giving support to the U.S. imperialists' aggressive "new Asian policy" and alleged that "the security of Korea is closely related to us," and so on. Thus, they clearly revealed their foul intention to give active assistance to the Pak Jung Hi clique in case the U.S. imperialists, their masters, should ignite an aggressive war in Korea.

With this the Japanese militarists revealed their true colours as dirty stooges of U.S. imperialism.

Besides, at the recent meeting the Japanese militarists more viciously schemed than ever to further tighten collusion with the Pak Jung Hi clique and widen the road of their reinvasion of South Korea.

Under the guise of "mutual co-operation" and "closer ties" the Japanese militarists sought to gain a privileged position in South Korea. They clamoured that they would work in "co-operation" with the latter first and foremost in the construction of war industrial factories including a combined iron works.

Along with this, the Sato clique coaxed the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique to conclude the privileged "agreement on taxation" and created a new soil for further broadening the road of economic infiltration into South Korea under the names of "joint investment," "technical co-operation," "co-operation in fishery," etc.

The Japanese militarists have stretched their tentacles of reaggression deep into South Korea since they concocted the criminal "South Korea-Japan agreements" under the manipulation of U.S. imperialism.

They already set up their "embassy" and "consulate" in Seoul and Pusan and have whipped together pro-Japanese henchmen to rig up many aggressive instruments and organizations such as "South Korea-Japan commission for co-operation," "round-table conference of South Korea-Japan assemblymen," "South Korea-Japan economic round-table conference," etc. All this was aimed at further intensifying their political domination over South Korea.

Alleging that "Japan should assume control over the artery of South Korea's economy," they established hundreds of branches and agencies of Japanese corporations in South Korea and seized the major economic branches exercising extraterritorial rights. In this way they have secured a foothold for plunder of South Korean economy as a whole.

The recent meeting was an offspring of the sinister intrigues of the Japanese militarists to further step up their reaggression on South Korea.

This clearly shows that the Japanese militarists are on the rampage to invade Korea with the backing of U.S. imperialism.

This notwithstanding, the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, the faithful running dogs of the U.S. and Japanese imperialists, placed everything in South Korea in the hands of Japanese militarism to pave the way for its reaggression. Thus, the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique once again committed a criminal, country-selling and traitorous act.

The puppet villains went the length of requesting the Japanese militarists to become the "leader" of Asia.

But the frantic attempts of the Japanese militarists who are recklessly running wild as an accomplice of U.S. imperialism in its manoeuvrings for a new war in Korea, while stretching their talons of reaggression to South Korea with the backing of U.S. imperialism and with the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique as a guide to their aggression, will surely be foiled.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, said as follows:

"If the Japanese militarists launch out on re-aggression against Korea and Asia in disregard of the lessons of history, they will perish in the flames they kindle themselves." (Kim Il Sung, *Selected Works*, Vol. IV, pp. 402-403.)

Korea today is not the Korea of yesterday. The Japanese militarists should look straight at the reality and should not act recklessly.

Kim Sok Ho

The Revolutionary History of Comrade KIM IL SUNG Is That of the Workers' Party of Korea

Delegation of the Communist Party of USA Stays in Our Country

The delegation of the Communist Party of the United States of America which visited our country at the invitation of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea looked round various places amid the warm welcome of our working people.

A Pyongyang city rally welcoming the delegation of the Communist Party of the USA headed by Comrade John Pittman was held at the Moranbong Theatre on August 24.

Attending the rally together with working pepole in the city were Comrade Kim Il, Member of the Political Committee and its Presidium, of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and Secretary of the Central Committee of the Party, and other leading cadres.

At the rally a welcome speech was delivered by Kim Jwa Hyok, Chief Secretary of the Pyongyang City Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, and John Pittman, the head of the delegation, spoke next.

Expressing, on behalf of the Communist Party of the USA, an unreserved respect and admiration for the really astounding successes the Korean people made in their socialist construction, John Pittman said that his delegation would relate to their Party and people the original and distinguished Marxist-Leninist initiative of the Workers' Party of Korea and its Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung.

He noted that during his stay in Korea he saw how the spirit of *Juche* of the Korean people, the Chollima movement, the Daean work system and Chongsan-ri spirit have been realized. The theoretical explanations of the great leaps made by the Democratic People's Republic of Korea in socialist construction have been given in a number of works by Comrade Kim Il Sung, he stressed and stated that they would continue to study them and to see what economic and social results they would produce in reality.

Relating to his delegation's inspection tour of Pyongyang city and other places during its sojourn in our country, John Pittman stressed that he came to say for sure that Korea is a bright star in the firmament of the socialist states and a radiant constellation illumining the path ahead of all mankind.

Then he declared that they had a clear idea about how they should intensify their struggle for the unification of Korea to help the South Korean people, who languish under the unlawful, unwarranted cruel occupation by U.S. imperialism, lead as rich a life as the people in the Democratic People's Republic of Korea do. He also stated that the Communist Party of the United States of America is well aware of its special responsibility and proletarian internationalist duty to do its utmost to help the Korean people achieve the unification of the country.

He said that he knows U.S. imperialism is the most dangerous aggressive force and counter-revolutionary force on the globe, the chieftain of imperialism of all hues, the main danger threatening the independence of peoples and nations, and the arch war incendiary.

In the name of the Communist Party of the USA he expressed sincere thanks to our people for the great help our people have given and are giving in the work to unmask the nature of U.S. imperialism.

He emphasized in conclusion that his delegation would do its best to be worthy of the trust, care and warm class friendship of the Workers' Party of Korea and the Korean people.

Prior to the welcome rally, the delegation looked round the Museum of Korean Revolution, the Hwanghae Iron Works, factories and cultural establishments in or near Pyongyang city.

While looking round the Museum of Korean Revolution, Mike Davidow, member of the delegation, stated in the name of the delegation that Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the Korean people, who took the road of the revolutionary struggle in his early age, is a revolutionary rare in the world, and underscored that thanks to the experiences of the protracted revolutionary struggle created by Comrade Kim Il Sung the Korean people could win victory in the great Fatherland Liberation War against U.S. imperialism. He said that the revolutionary history of Comrade Kim Il Sung is the revolutionary history of the Workers' Party of Korea and the revolutionary history of Korea.

After inspection of the museum the head of the delegation stressed that the history of the Korean people's anti-Japanese armed struggle for the restoration of the country is an inspiration and guiding star for the peoples of Asia, Africa and Latin America fighting to achieve liberation from colonialism and neo-colonialism.

The delegation visited the People's Economy Institute on August 28.

On August 27, the delegation inspected the Industrial and Agricultural Exhibition.

After inspection the delegation wrote in the guest-book: We consider that this exhibition is a fine model showing the fruits of the heroic labour struggle the Korean working class unfolded under the wise and brilliant guidance of the Workers' Party of Korea and its Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, and it shows the self-sustenance of Korea which advances under the leadership of the Workers' Party of Korea and Comrade Kim Il Sung and testifies to the advantage of socialist system.

The delegation of the USA Communist Party inspecting the fact ory where Comrade Hoh Chang Guk works

Friendship Visits

A delegation of the Movement of the People's Liberation of Angola headed by Domingos Da Silva, its Vice-President, arrived in Pyongyang by air on September 2 for a visit to our country.

Cesar Andreu Iglesias, Member of the Political Committee of the Puerto Rican Independence Movement and Chief Editor of the **Claridad**, organ of this movement, who is the representative of the Puerto Rican Independence Movement, arrived in Pyongyang on September 2 by air for a visit to our country.

Sarath Cooray, Editor of Ceylonese Paper **Sinhale**, arrived in Pyongyang on September 2 by air for a visit to our country.

Okoula Edourard Roger, First Secretary of the Bureau of the Journalists' Union of the Congo (B), arrived in Pyongyang on September 2 by air for a visit to our country.

Mario Pando Monge, journalist of the Bolivian paper **El Pueblo** arrived in Pyongyang on September 2 by air for a visit to our country.

The delegation of the Movement of the People's Liberation of Angola

The delegate of the Puerto Rican Independence Movement

Editor of Ceylonese paper "Sinhale"

First Secretary of the Bureau of the Journalists' Union of the Congo(B)

Bolivian journalist

UAWPK Delegation Calls on Head of State of the Syrian Arab Republic

The delegation of the Union of Agricultural Working People of Korea headed by Li Rim Su, Chairman of the Central Committee of the Union, which was visiting Syria at the invitation of the General Farmers' Union of Syria called on Noureddin Atassi, Head of State of the Syrian Arab Republic, on August 23, according to a report from Damascus.

Present on the occasion were Jang Ga Ik, Charge d'Affaires ad Interim of the DPRK Embassy in the Syrian Arab Republic, and Ahmad Hamduni, Chairman of the General Farmers' Union of Syria.

A friendly talk took place between head of the delegation Li Rim Su and Head of State Noureddin Atassi. (KCNA)

Korean National Committee of Hydraulics Sends Telegram to Secretariat of International Association for Hydraulic Research

The Korean National Committee of Hydraulics sent a telegram to the Secretariat of the International Association for Hydraulic Research.

In the telegram the Korean National Committee of Hydraulics reminded the latter that owing to the Japanese government's refusal of the entry of the delegation of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea into Japan, a grave obstacle has been laid in the attendance of the DPRK delegation to the thirteenth meeting of the International Association for Hydraulic Research opening in Japan.

The telegram said:

You are under the obligation to enable all the members of the association to attend the meeting. We urgently demand you to postpone the meeting so that our delegates may attend it, and to change the meeting place for the attendance of our delegates, if the Japanese authorities persist in their refusal of the entry of our delegates into Japan.

Korea-Lebanon Friendship Association Founded

The inaugural meeting of the Korea-Lebanon Friendship Association was held on August 25 at the Chollima House of Culture.

Present at the meeting together with working people in the capital were Kang Ryang Wuk, Vice-President of the Presidium of the Supreme People's Assembly; Kim Man Gum, Chairman of the Agricultural Commission; Kim Gwan Sop, Acting President of the Korean Society for Cultural Relations with Foreign Countries, and other cadres.

Invited to the meeting were Mamdouh Abdallah, Chairman of the Agricultural Committee of the Parliament and President of the Lebanon-Korea Friendship Association, who was heading the Parliamentary delegation of the Republic of Lebanon, and members of the Lebanon-Korea Friendship Association.

Kim Gwan Sop, Acting President of the Korean Society for Cultural Relations with Foreign Countries, spoke at the meeting.

He conveyed the friendly greetings of the Korean people to the members of the Lebanon-Korea Friendship Association and the Lebanese people and expressed our people's full support to and firm solidarity with the Lebanese people in their just struggle.

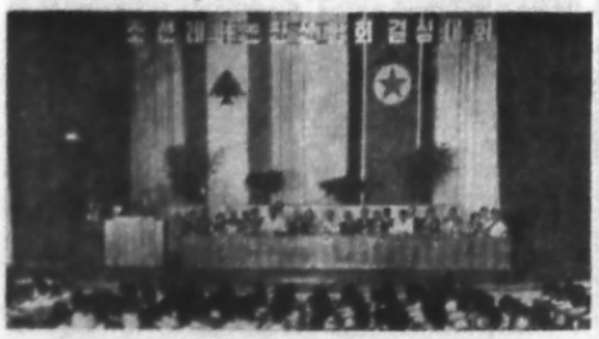
Pointing out that the founding of the Korea-Lebanon Friendship Association in Pyongyang reflects the common aspiration of the peoples of the two countries to further consolidate and develop the relations of friendship and cooperation sealed in the course of the struggle against imperialism headed by U.S. imperialism and its lackeys and for national independence and social progress, he stressed as follows:

The Korean people will, in the future too, as in the past, make every possible effort to develop the relations of friendship and cooperation between the peoples of the two countries.

Mamdouh Abdallah, head of the delegation, made a congratulatory speech.

He said that the two countries are geographically far away from each other but the relations of genuine friendship are established between their peoples and noted that the founding of the Korea-Lebanon Friendship Association marked a great event.

The rules of the Korea-Lebanon Friendship Association were adopted at the meeting. And the meeting elected members of the Korea-Lebanon Friendship Association. Li Rim Su, Chairman of the Central Committee of the Union of Agricultural Working People of Korea, was elected President of the Association, and Kim Wung, Vice-President of the Korean Society for Cultural Relations with Foreign Countries and Shin Ung Ho, Director of the Korean Documentary Film Studio, Vice-Presidents.



Korea Is A Hero Country

Foreign Guests Make a Tour of Various Parts of Korea

Foreign guests are now touring various parts of our country. They have looked round Mangyongdae, the native place dear to the hearts of the 40 million Korean people, factories, enterprises, cultural establishments, etc.

Delegation of Soviet-Korea Friendship Society

A delegation of the Soviet-Korea Friendship Society made a round of Mangyongdae and many other places in Pyongyang. On August 22, the delegation visited the Museum of Korean Revolution. Head N.A. Pankov of the delegation remarked that he had long wished to see the Museum of Korean Revolution. And he said:

At the Museum of Korean Revolution I clearly realized how the Korean Communists and people under the leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung fought against Japanese imperialism and gained much knowledge from it.

Department Director of Polish Foreign Ministry

Janusz Lewandowski, director of a department of the Foreign Ministry of the People's Republic of Poland, visited Panmunjom on August 22.

I am convinced that the U.S. imperialist aggressors would be driven out of South Korea, sooner or later, and Korea surely unified, he said. He noted that the Polish people take pride in giving full support to the Korean people in their struggle to oppose American imperialism and unify their country.

In his speech made at a banquet given by the Senior Member of our side to the Military Armistice Commission he said:

The Polish people are well aware of the national misfortunes the Korean people are suffering and their desire for their country's unification and rejoice over the great successes they have attained in socialist construction.

The Polish guest also looked round Mangyongdae.

General Secretary of Cambodian Foreign Ministry

General Secretary Ing Judeth of the Foreign Ministry of the Kingdom of Cambodia and his party visited Mangyongdae and other places.

After the visit to Mangyongdae on August 18 the General Secretary said:

As he, born into a poor family, received a good education from his parents, Premier Kim Il Sung could embark upon the sacred struggle for the country's independence and liberation in his early ages and achieve the restoration of the country in the end and is now successfully leading the 40 million Korean people as their Leader.

I pay my respect to Premier Kim Il Sung.

I wish him good health and a long life for the prosperity and happiness of the Korean people.

On August 21, Ing Judeth said after his visit to the Bongung February 8 Vinalon Factory:

Only under the wise guidance of His Excellency Premier Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, such a modern large-scale vinalon factory could be built in Korea.

Korea is a hero country and His Excellency Premier Kim Il Sung leading her is a hero.

Earlier, on August 20, the Cambodian guests were invited to the banquet tendered by Foreign Minister Pak Sung Chul.

In his speech at the banquet the General Secretary said:

Availing myself of this opportunity, I, through you, assure your government that the Government of the Kingdom of Cambodia under the wise leadership of Prince Norodom Sihanouk unconditionally supports the struggle the Korean government and the Korean people under the wise guidance of His Excellency Premier Kim Il Sung are unfolding to oppose foreign imperialism, safeguard independence and national sovereignty and secure happiness of the people.

On August 26, he invited Foreign Minister Pak Sung Chul to a banquet.

In his speech at the banquet the General Secretary emphasized: The results registered by the Korean people eloquently prove that Premier Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, is successfully leading them along the path to prosperity and happiness.

Zambian Permanent Representative in the U.N.

Vernon Johnson Mwanga, permanent representative of the Republic of Zambia in the United Nations, looked round various places in Pyongyang.

On August 26, the Zambian guest inspected the Industrial-Agricultural Exhibition and wrote in the visitors' book: The achievements the people of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea have scored under the wise and seasoned guidance of His Excellency Premier Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, I am convinced, are a source of inspiration to the whole mankind, especially to the Zambian people who are waging a revolutionary struggle relying on their own efforts.

He was invited to a banquet given by Foreign Minister Pak Sung Chul on August 25. In his speech at the banquet he said:

The Government of the Republic of Zambia has always supported and is supporting the just, sacred struggle of the Korean people for unifying their country independently and in a peaceful way.

We Zambian people are fighting against the attempt to solve the Korean issue by the medium of the "U.N. Commission for the Unification and Rehabilitation of Korea."

We will continue to support the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

Chilean Guests

First Vice-President of the Chamber of Deputies of the Chilean Republic and his wife and a delegation of the Chile-Korea Friendship and Cultural Association looked round various places in Pyongyang.

On August 21, the Chilean guests visited Kim Il Sung University.

After inspecting the university Pedro Videla, First Vice-President of the Chamber of Deputies of the Republic of Chile, said:

I saw the results attained in Korea, a great country, and the educational system established in Korea. We will embody these in our work.

Indeed, Premier Kim Il Sung is a simple person.

Premier Kim Il Sung is a political and ideological leader and the beacon of the world.

Fernando Murillo Viana, head of the delegation of the Chile-Korea Friendship and Cultural Association, said that the idea of *Juche* of Premier Kim Il Sung is the greatest idea.

Noting that he will also strive to arm himself with the ideas of Premier Kim Il Sung, he went on:

Not only I but a good many people are studying the ideas of Premier Kim Il Sung. His idea of *Juche*, in particular, is a great weapon in the struggle of the peoples of small countries.

The experiences in struggle gained by the Anti-Japanese Guerilla Army led by Premier Kim Il Sung call forth the great admiration of the Latin American peoples.

The Chile-Korea Friendship and Cultural Association has the Room for the Study of the Revolutionary History of Premier Kim Il Sung. After going home we will propagandize the ideas of the great Leader Premier Kim Il Sung among a still good many people and write more articles on them.

A Pyongyang mass meeting was held on August 24 in welcome of the First Vice-President of the Chamber of Deputies of the Republic of Chile and his wife, and the delegation of the Chile-Korea Friendship and Cultural Association.

In his speech at the meeting the First Vice-President noted that the Chilian people have expressed their solidarity with the struggle of the Korean people, and said:

The progressive and democratic personages and revolutionaries of Chile firmly believe that the Korean people will surely realize the unification of the country without the interference of outside forces and are convinced that the unification will be realized without fail under the banner of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea led by His Excellency Premier Kim Il Sung.

Prior to this, the delegation of the Chile-Korea Friendship and Cultural Association looked around factories, rural villages and schools in South Hamgyong Province and Hamhung district on August 10 and 11.

Fernando Murillo Viana, head of the delegation, said at the February 8 Vinalon Factory:

Through this factory we came to understand more clearly how great miracles the idea of *Juche* of Comrade Kim Il Sung has wrought.

On August 11, head of the delegation had an interview with a correspondent of the Korean Central News Agency and expressed his impressions of Korea, saying:

Comrade Kim Il Sung is not only the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people but also the Leader of the world revolutionaries, who makes a great contribution to the development of Marxism-Leninism.

The wise leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung is widely known among the peoples of Chile and the rest of Latin America, and all of them are boundlessly revering him.

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